

Introduction To



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Someone described it

Academic writing is a process related to contexts which emerged in academic fields; writing focused on introducing ideas, defending thesis, presenting arguments and counter arguments, building conclusions, organizing ideas around different topics and so. It's communication based on building knowledge. It has to be something you have thought, you have processed and you have prepare to present it. It is not the activity of writing itself, but writing aimed to build knowledge. You use it to learn, to share what you have learnt, and to teach others.

Academic and Scientific Writing

- Introducing ideas
- Defending thesis
- Presenting arguments and counter arguments
- Building conclusions
- Organizing ideas around different topics

The Purpose of Academic Writing

- To report a piece of research the writer has conducted
- To answer a question the writer has been given or chosen
- To discuss a subject of common interest and give the writer view
- To synthesize research done by others on a topic

Academic and Scientific Writing

❖ Difference from other forms of writing

- Formal writing
- Content
- Structure
- Organisation
- Language

Academic and Scientific Writing

Content Main ideas and information

- Knowledge of the subject
- Research of the subject
- Organising ideas
- Collecting evidence
- Examples
- Statistics

Content

Analyze the title carefully



Background knowledge



Gathering evidence



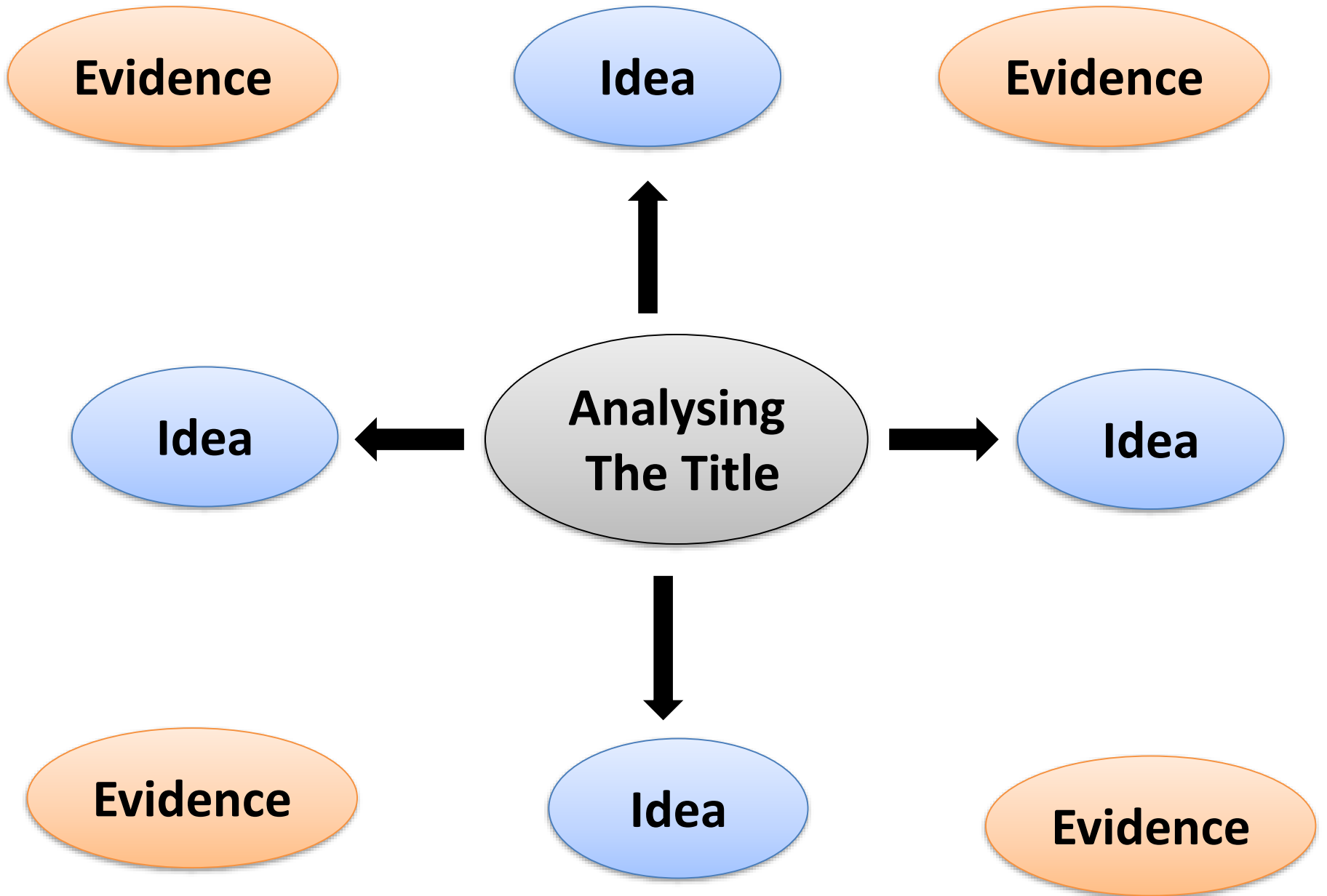
logical sequence in developing the idea.



Think deeply during writing your ideas

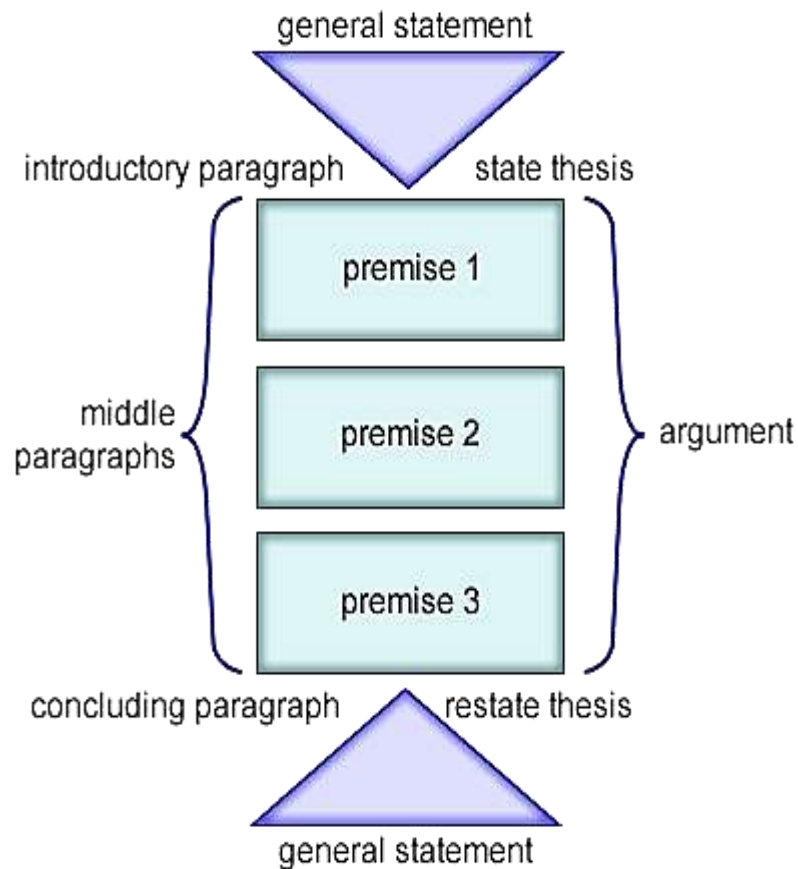
Examples

*Describe The reasons why smoking
is Bad for Health*



Organisation

How well you arrange those ideas?



- Linking the paragraphs
- Introduction
- Main body
- Conclusion

Organisation

Logical sections



Follow the idea easily



Main focus for each paragraph



Explain the focus by giving
further ideas, details, and examples

Common types of academic writing

Notes: A written record of the main points of a text or lecture, for a student's personal use.

Report: A description of something a student has done (e.g. conducting a survey).

Project: A piece of research, either individual or group work, with the topic chosen by the student(s).

Essay: The most common type of written work, with the title given by the teacher, normally 1,000–5,000 words.

Dissertation/Thesis: The longest piece of writing normally done by a student (20,000+ words) often for a higher degree, on a topic chosen by the student.

Paper: A general term for any academic essay, report, presentation or article.

Structure of Academic Writing

- Title
- Introduction (background)
- Introduction (thesis statement)
- Paragraph 1 (paragraph leader)
- Paragraph 1 (paragraph body)
- Paragraph 2 (paragraph leader)
- Paragraph 2 (paragraph body)
- Conclusion (summary)
- Conclusion (future suggestion: a prediction, recommendation or solution)

Structure of Scientific / Research Writing

- Title
- Introduction (background)
- Aim & Objectives
- Materials
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion
- Conclusion (summary)
- Conclusion (future suggestion: a prediction, recommendation or solution)

Structure of Academic Writing

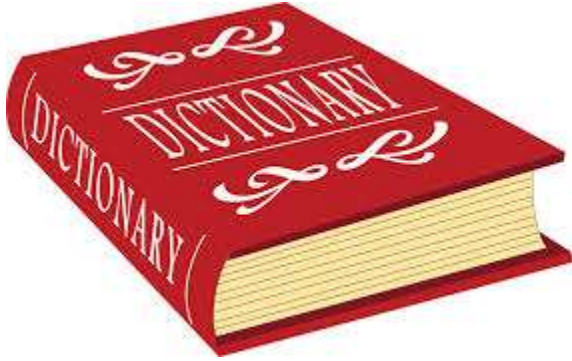
Abstract A short summary that explains the paper's purpose and main findings.

References A list of all the sources the writer has mentioned in the text.

Literature review Part of the main body in which the views of other writers on the topic are discussed.

Case study A section where one particular example is described in detail.

Language



Sentences' structures



Correct punctuation



Accurate Grammer



Vocabulary & Spelling



Dictionary

Essay Sample
With the slides

ANSWER KEY INCLUDED



Fourth Edition

Academic Writing

A Handbook for
International Students



Stephen Bailey

